Texas A&M University-Commerce

EMERGENCY OPERATION PLAN

FY22

Created October 5, 2008
Rev.27 – March 25, 2022

Next Review
August 2022
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PLAN CONTACT INFORMATION

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Emergency Management Operations Specialist
Andrew Resk
Andrew.Resk@tamuc.edu
903.468.3095
# EMERGENCY OPERATION TEAM

## Executive Management Team

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Position</th>
<th>Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>University President</td>
<td>Mark Rudin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provost &amp; Vice President for Academic Affairs</td>
<td>John Humphreys</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vice President for Finance &amp; Administration</td>
<td>Tina Livingston</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vice President for Student Success, Dean of Students</td>
<td>Judy Sackfield</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Associate Vice President for Philanthropy &amp; Engagement</td>
<td>Amber Countis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vice President for Research &amp; Economic Development</td>
<td>Cece Gassner</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vice President for Enrollment Management</td>
<td>Nechell Bonds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vice President for Inclusion</td>
<td>Cephus Archie</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Director of Athletics</td>
<td>Timothy McMurray</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chief of Staff and Director of Planning and Governmental Affairs</td>
<td>Linda King</td>
</tr>
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## Emergency Response Team

### Primary

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Position</th>
<th>Name</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Director of Emergency Management &amp; Safety</td>
<td>Derek Preas</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>University Police Chief</td>
<td>Bryan Vaughn</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emergency Management Operations Specialist</td>
<td>Andrew Resk</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Director of Residential Living &amp; Learning</td>
<td>Michael Stark</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interim Director of Facilities</td>
<td>Rebecca Pressley</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Associate Provost for Academic Foundations</td>
<td>Ricky Dobbs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Executive Director of Marketing</td>
<td>Michael Johnson</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lieutenant/Crime Information Officer</td>
<td>Jason Bone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chief Information Officer</td>
<td>Jeremy Gamez</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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### Secondary

<table>
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<tr>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Associate Director of Facilities</td>
<td>John Harris</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assistant Director of Emergency Management &amp; Safety</td>
<td>Eddie Pinckard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dean, College of Education &amp; Human Services</td>
<td>Kimberly McLeod</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Associate Vice President for Finance &amp; Administration</td>
<td>Sarah Baker</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auxiliary Services Manager</td>
<td>Jennifer Perry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interim Director of Human Resources</td>
<td>Tammi Thompson</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dean, College of Science &amp; Engineering</td>
<td>Brent Donham</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Director for Office of International Programs</td>
<td>Pri Risal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chief Procurement Officer</td>
<td>Travis Ball</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dean, College of Agriculture Sciences &amp; Natural Resources</td>
<td>Randy Harp</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Director of Counseling Center</td>
<td>Nick Patras</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Director of Infrastructure Services</td>
<td>Jeff Faunce</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SSC Facilities Executive Director</td>
<td>Alan Beatty</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student Health Services</td>
<td>Maxine Mendoza-Welch</td>
</tr>
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### Alternate/Support

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Position</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dean of Graduate School</td>
<td>Jennifer Schroeder</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dean, College of Humanities, Social Sciences &amp; Arts</td>
<td>William Kuracina</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dean, College of Business</td>
<td>Mario Hayek</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dean, College of Innovation &amp; Design</td>
<td>Yvonne Villanueva Russell</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Director of Alumni Relations</td>
<td>Derryle Peace</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dean of Libraries</td>
<td>Lanee Dunlap</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
This Emergency Operation Plan has been approved by:

President ___________________________  Date ________________

PREPARED BY
Ethan Derek Preas
Director of Emergency Management and Safety
Emergency Management Director
<table>
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<tr>
<th>Change #</th>
<th>Date of Change</th>
<th>Description of Change</th>
<th>Changed By</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>7-22-08</td>
<td>Updated Names and Titles (Page numbers 13,22,23,24,25)</td>
<td>Derek Preas</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>7-22-08</td>
<td>Added page for Record of Changes (Added to CMP as last page)</td>
<td>Derek Preas</td>
</tr>
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| 3        | 10-5-08        | **Complete Revision of CMP**  
|          |                | Changed to EOP-Added Members-Added more to the Appendix-Added Responsibilities-Changed Responsibilities-Added distribution notice | Derek Preas    |
| 4        | 4-14-9         | Added Appendix 31 Data Breach Security Incident                                       | Derek Preas    |
| 5        | 7-31-9         | Updated Contacts and Positions                                                        | Derek Preas    |
| 6        | 8-3-9          | Added Appendix 32 Pandemic Influenza Incident                                         | Derek Preas    |
| 7        | 12-8-09        | Updated Contact Numbers and Command Staff Identification                              | Derek Preas    |
| 8        | 11-31-10       | **Yearly Update of EOP**  
|          |                | Appendix update, Member update, Design update                                          | Derek Preas    |
| 9        | 10-7-11        | Yearly Update of EOP  
|          |                | Team member update, design update                                                     | D Preas        |
| 10       | 01/18/2012     | Put new EOP on website                                                               | D Preas        |
| 11       | 06/18/2012     | Added Appendix 26 – Farm Emergency Response                                          |                |
| 12       | 07/03/2013     | General updates and name changes                                                     | D Preas        |
| 13       | 09/23/2013     | General update, appendix changes, and name changes                                    | dpreas         |
| 14       | 05/20/2014     | Added appendix for Annex H Intro                                                     | dpreas         |
| 15       | 08/12/2015     | Reviewed and updated EOP                                                             | dpreas         |
| 16       | 08/01/2016     | UPDATED MINOR CHANGES INCLUDING TITLE CHANGES, position updates, AND DESIGN           | dpreas         |
| 17       | 08/03/2016     | Removed several appendences                                                          | dpreas         |
| 18       | 09/26/2016     | Added President’s Signature and updated PAC’s suggestions                             | dpreas         |
| 19       | 09/09/2017     | Updated Team Member Titles and Positions, minor statement changes, and BEC revision   | dpreas         |
| 20       | 05/31/2019     | Updated Team Member Titles and Positions, minor statement changes, and BEC revision   | EPINCKAR D     |
| 21       | 08/29/2019     | Added Multiyear exercise plan to EOP  
<p>|          |                | And complete review – added ics forms                                                 | Preas          |</p>
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<th>Page</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Author</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>10/19/20</td>
<td>Updated Team Member Titles and Positions</td>
<td>Preas</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
| 23   | 10/5/21  | Updated Team Member Titles and Positions
Review content, minor language updates
Updated training requirements | Preas  |
| 24   | 3/25/22  | Updated Team Members, Titles and Positions
Reviewed content, minor language updates | Resk   |
| 25   | 3/25/22  | Added threat levels and review policy                                       | Resk   |
PURPOSE

This Emergency Operation Plan (EOP) is intended to establish policies, procedures and organizational structure for response to emergencies that are of a magnitude to cause a significant disruption of the functioning of all or portions of the university. This plan describes the roles and responsibilities of departments, agencies, and personnel during emergency situations. The basic emergency procedures are designed to protect lives and property through effective use of university and community resources. Since an emergency may be sudden and without warning, these procedures are designed to be flexible in order to accommodate contingencies of various types and magnitudes.

This Emergency Operation Plan is promulgated under the authority of The Texas A&M University System policy and of Texas A&M University-Commerce (A&M-Commerce) Procedures. This plan shall not be construed in a manner that limits the use of prudent judgment and common sense in matters not covered by the elements of this plan.

This Emergency Operation Plan will provide the foundation from which the Continuity of Operations Plan will be established and the basis from which detailed response plans will be created.

This Emergency Operations Plan shall be reviewed and updated annually. The review will be conducted by the Department of Emergency Management & Operations along with the University Police Department. All changes and updates to this plan will be properly recorded in the record of changes.

A&M-Commerce will use the National Incident Management System (NIMS) as its standard for incident management in compliance with the Homeland Security Presidential Directive (HSPD) 5 and the State of Texas Executive Order RP40. This will provide a consistent nationwide approach for federal, state, local and tribal governments to work together more effectively and efficiently to prevent, prepare for, respond to and recover from domestic incidents, regardless of cause, size or complexity.

The university will respond to an emergency situation in a safe, effective and timely manner. University personnel and equipment will be utilized to accomplish the following priorities:

1. Protection of Life
   a. Emergency response personnel
   b. At risk people
   c. General public

2. Stabilization of the Incident
   a. Bring the situation to a point of order.
   b. Determine course of action.
   c. Prevent the incident from expanding.
   d. Isolate the scene and deny entry.
3. Protect the Environment
   a. Confine, contain or neutralize hazardous materials that may be released.
   b. Ensure, to the extent practical, that emergency response efforts do not adversely impact the environment.

4. Protect University Property
   a. Facilities used for emergency response are high priority.
   b. Facilities necessary for shelter and care of students are a high priority.
   c. Facilities used for education and operational purposes.
   d. Critical university records, collections and research.

5. Restoration of Critical Services, Education, and Research Programs.
   a. Services necessary for emergency response are of high priority.
   b. Services critical to the well-being of students are of high priority.
   c. Services critical to the integrity of research projects and educational services.

The Texas A&M University-Commerce Emergency Operation Team (EOT) will make every effort to accomplish these goals when dealing with a critical incident situation on campus.

**REQUIRED NIMS TRAINING**
The EOT will complete, at a minimum, the following required training, dependent of position and job duty. As necessary, additional training may be assigned by the Emergency Management Director.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Position</th>
<th>ICS-100</th>
<th>ICS-200</th>
<th>ICS-700</th>
<th>ICS-800</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Executive Management Team</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Primary Response Team</td>
<td>X</td>
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<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMD or Delegate</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chief of Police or Delegate</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
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</table>
NIMS TRAINING COURSES

ICS 100
This course describes the history, features and principles, and organizational structure of ICS. It also explains the relationship between ICS and the National Incident Management System (NIMS). This course uses the same objectives and content as other ICS courses with higher education examples and exercises.

https://training.fema.gov/is/courseoverview.aspx?code=IS-100.c

ICS 200
Basic Incident Command System for Initial Response, reviews the Incident Command System (ICS), provides the context for ICS within initial response, and supports higher level ICS training. This course provides training on, and resources for, personnel who are likely to assume a supervisory position within ICS.

https://training.fema.gov/is/courseoverview.aspx?code=IS-200.c

ICS 700
This course introduces and overviews the National Incident Management System (NIMS). NIMS provides a consistent nationwide template to enable all government, private-sector, and nongovernmental organizations to work together during domestic incidents.

https://training.fema.gov/is/courseoverview.aspx?code=IS-700.b

ICS 800
The goal of the IS-0800.d, National Response Framework, An Introduction, is to provide guidance for the whole community. Within this broad audience, the National Response Framework focuses especially on those who are involved in delivering and applying the response core capabilities, including:

- Private sector partners
- Non-governmental organizations (NGOs)
- Government officials
- Community leaders
- Emergency management practitioners
- First responders

https://training.fema.gov/is/courseoverview.aspx?code=IS-800.d
ABBREVIATIONS

BEC Building Emergency Coordinator
DPS Department of Public Safety
ECC Emergency Control Center
EMC Emergency Management Coordinator
EMT Executive Management Team
EOC Emergency Operations Center
EOP Emergency Operation Plan
EOT Emergency Operation Team
ERT Emergency Response Team
FEMA Federal Emergency Management Agency
FCP Field Command Post
IC Incident Commander
ICP Incident Command Post
ICS Incident Command System
NIMS National Incident Management System
NOAA National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
NWS National Warning System
PIO Public Information Officer
TAMUC Texas A&M University-Commerce
TDEM Texas Division of Emergency Management
UPD University Police Department
RESPONSE
When it is considered necessary to activate the Emergency Operation Plan (EOP), the university will follow the operational aspect of the National Incident Management System (NIMS). NIMS is a modular emergency management system designed for all hazards and levels of emergency response (Appendix 1). This system creates a combination of facilities, equipment, personnel, procedures, and communication operating within a standardized organizational structure. The system is used by the Department of Homeland Security and throughout the United States as the basis for emergency response management. Use of NIMS as a basis for its organization and response to emergency management at the university facilitates the university’s ability to communicate and coordinate response actions with other jurisdictions and external emergency response providers.

NATIONAL INCIDENT MANAGEMENT SYSTEM
NIMS is organized around five major management activities.

- **Command**
  Has overall responsibility at the incident or event. Determines objectives and establishes priorities based on the nature of the incident, available resources and agency policy. In all incidents there is an identified Incident Commander or a unified command team. These have responsibility for overall management of the incident and must be fully qualified to manage the incident.

- **Operations**
  Develops the tactical organization and directs all resources to carry out the incident objectives.

- **Planning**
  Develops the Incident Action Plan to accomplish the objectives. Collects and evaluates information, and maintains status of assigned resources.

- **Logistics**
  Provides resources and all other services needed to support the organization.

- **Finance/Administration**
  Monitors costs related to the incident, provides accounting, procurement, time recording, cost analysis, and overall fiscal guidance.

On small incidents, the five major activities may be managed by a single individual. Large incidents usually require each of these activities to be established as a separate section within the organization.

Not all sections need to be established within NIMS organization. The Incident Commander will make this decision based on the demands of the incident. Each of the primary Incident Command System sections may be further subdivided as reflected in the organization chart shown in Appendix 1 (NIMS).
The University’s Emergency Operation Plan consists of six major elements of incident response:

- Reporting Emergencies
- Declaration of Emergency or Disaster
- Command and Control
- Emergency Facilities
- Support Functions
- Recovery and Damage Assessment

**ASSUMPTIONS OF EVENTS**

This Emergency Operation Plan is assembled on a realistic approach to the problems likely to be encountered during a major emergency or disaster. Hence, the following assumptions are made and should be used as general guidelines in such an event:

- An emergency or a disaster may occur at any time of the day or night, weekend, or holiday, with little or no warning.

- The succession of events in an emergency or disaster is not predictable; therefore, published operational plans, such as this plan, should serve only as a guide and a checklist and may require modifications in order to meet the requirements of the emergency.

- An emergency or a disaster may be declared if information indicates that such conditions are developing or probable.

- Disasters may be community-wide. Therefore it is necessary for the university to prepare for and carry out disaster response and short-term recovery operations in conjunction with local resources.

- Community-wide disasters may affect the entire city of Commerce. City and county emergency services may not be available to assist, particularly for the first day or two. The more severe the disaster, the more A&M-Commerce will be left on its own. Therefore, the university must be prepared to be totally self-sufficient in the event of an emergency or disaster.

**PHASES OF MANAGEMENT**

This plan is predicated on an all-hazard approach and acknowledges that most responsibilities and functions performed during an emergency are not hazard specific. Likewise, these guidelines account for activities before and after, as well as during emergency operations. Consequently, all phases of emergency management are addressed below.
• **Mitigation** – Mitigation activities are those which eliminate or reduce the probability of a disaster occurring. Also included are those long-term activities, which lessen the undesirable effects of unavoidable hazards.

• **Preparedness** – Preparedness activities serve to develop the response capabilities needed in the event an emergency should arise. Planning and training are among the activities conducted under this phase.

• **Response** – Response is the actual provision of emergency services during a crisis. These activities help to reduce casualties and damage, and speed recovery. Response activities include warning, fire, evacuation, rescue, and other similar operations.

• **Recovery** – Recovery is both a short-term and long-term process. Short-term operations seek to restore vital services to the university and provide for the basic needs of employees, students, and visitors. Long-term recovery focuses on restoring the university to its normal pre-disaster, or an improved, state of affairs. The recovery period is also an opportune time to institute future mitigation measures, particularly those related to the recent emergency. Examples of recovery actions would be provision of temporary housing and food, identification, assessment, and reconstruction of damaged areas, restoration of non-vital university services, application for disaster assistance, and similar required actions.

**READINESS LEVELS**

Determination of the university readiness level begins at the discretion of the President, Emergency Management Director, Chief of Police, or the appropriate designee of each.

**Level 4 – Normal Conditions**

No significant emergency is present. Department of Emergency Management & Safety continue to conduct normal business and monitors the university campus for any natural and technological threats. Local responders resolve emergency incidents that might occur in their areas of responsibility.

**Typical Events:** Daily emergency responses, high profile visitor(s), weather and threat monitoring.

**Actions:** Normal Operations

**Level 3 – Increased Readiness Conditions**

A significant emergency has not yet occurred, but a higher than normal level of readiness is warranted because of increased vulnerability to a specific hazard. Advisory notifications are sent to the Emergency Operations Team and appropriate team members and department representatives are briefed on anticipated risk situations and potential impacts. Coordination activities may increase.
Typical Events: Winter weather system, severe weather development, escalating or immediate risk to impact area.

Actions: Pre-planning, Information gathering, and area coordination with local agencies and university departments

Level 2 – Escalated Response Conditions
The scope of the emergency has expanded beyond that which can be handled by university personnel alone. Normal university and local government operations may be impaired. Department of Emergency Management & Safety makes recommendations on a higher level of activation of the Emergency Operations Team. Depending upon the incident or event; emergency facilities increase staffing, expand hours of operation and intensify coordination. Requests for mutual aid resources for emergency assistance may be received and/or requested. Appropriate officials and agency representatives are briefed on the current situation and anticipated impacts.

Typical Events: Major tornado impact, widespread flash flooding, major fire conditions, major medical emergencies.

Actions: EOC activation, initiate command structure

Level 1 – Emergency Conditions
The scope of the incident has expanded beyond the response capability of university and local agencies. The EOC is staffed with representatives from the Emergency Operations Team, agencies and organizations remain operational for the duration of the incident. The EOC fulfills and/or requests for assistance from local governments and may seek intrastate mutual aid and/or federal aid as needed.

Typical Events: Large scale evacuation and sheltering for specific parts of the impact area due to a major incident response, community wide threats such as a large hazardous materials spill and wide scale flooding.

Actions: EOC activation, initiate command structure, initiate continuity plan

EMERGENCY CLASSIFICATIONS

ISOLATED CRITICAL INCIDENT
An Isolated Critical Incident is defined as an occurrence impacting only a small part of the university community or university physical property, which does not affect the overall functioning capacity of A&M-Commerce. Examples would include, but are not limited to:

• Small, localized fire or small localized hazardous material spill
• Isolated power outage
Even though an isolated incident may be considered small or insignificant, it is by no means to be taken lightly. Immediate attention must be given to mitigate the situation as quickly as possible. Upon the occurrence of an isolated critical incident, the first priority is the safety of all individuals involved. This includes the safety of individuals directly affected by the incident and the safety of individuals within the area.

An isolated critical incident may not require the intervention of the Emergency Operation Team (EOT) as a whole; however, selected members of the EOT may be involved as necessary. The Incident Commander will make the decision to activate the Emergency Operation Center or not.

Recovery activities are typically limited to short-term responses such as temporary relocations, repair of damages areas, or restoration of infrastructure services.

**MAJOR CRITICAL INCIDENT**
A Major Critical Incident is defined as a serious emergency, which completely disrupts one or more operations of A&M-Commerce. Examples include, but are not limited to the following:

- Major fire
- Civil disturbance
- Widespread power outage

Outside emergency services, as well as major efforts from various A&M-Commerce departments, will be required. Major policy and procedural considerations and decisions will usually be required. The Emergency Operation Center will be activated.

Recovery activities may be short-term responses such as temporary relocations, repair of damages areas, or restoration of infrastructure services. Alternatively, recovery activities could be long-term in nature and require expanded recovery efforts or include reconstitution plans for return to normal.

**DISASTER**
A disaster is defined as a university or city-wide, or more extensive, emergency which seriously impairs or halts the operations of A&M-Commerce. Examples include:

- Massive flooding
- Damaging tornado
- Long-Term Pandemic Flu response

Outside emergency services will likely be essential. However, they may not always be available. Major policy considerations and decisions will usually be required, and the Emergency Operation Center will be activated.

Recovery activities long-term in nature and require expanded recovery efforts and will most likely include reconstitution plans for return to normal.

*Refer to Annex D: Recovery and Reconstitution for explanation of response activities related to Recovery and Reconstitution.*
REPORTING EMERGENCIES

Any member of the A&M-Commerce community, whether faculty, staff, or student, upon learning of any emergency from any source should immediately communicate such information to the University Police Department (UPD) at extension 911 or 5111. Personnel should not assume that UPD has already learned about the emergency. As much information as possible should be communicated to UPD, but at a minimum this should include:

- Nature of emergency, including:
  - number and extent of personal injuries
  - property damage
  - possible assistance required
- Location of emergency
- How information was received
- Time the information was received

In the event of a critical incident, UPD is to be notified immediately. UPD may be contacted through one of the following:

- From a CAMPUS Phone……….Dial 911 or 5111
- From a CELL Phone……………..Dial 903-886-5111

Upon receiving notification and assessing the situation, UPD shall implement the proper notification procedures. Depending on the magnitude of the incident, all or parts of the Emergency Operation Plan shall be activated. UPD personnel shall contact the UPD Chief or designee in the initial stages of the incident.
DECLARATION OF EMERGENCY
In the event of any emergency, the UPD supervisor/senior officer in charge shall follow UPD standard operating procedures. If the emergency warrants, the supervisor/senior officer shall communicate immediately with the Chief of Police or designee, and depending on the magnitude of the incident, the Chief or designee should communicate with the Emergency Management Director (EMD) or designee. After reviewing the emergency situation, a decision will be made by the Chief of Police or his/her designee in conjunction with the EMD or designee as to the classification of the incident and also which members of the EOT should be contacted.

Full plan activation begins at the discretion of the President, Emergency Management Director, Chief of Police, or the appropriate designee of each, upon the receipt of information of an emergency event or credible threat. In the case of any type of campus or declared local, state or federal emergency, a decision will be made by the Chief of Police, President, or Emergency Management Director as to the course of action. The Incident Commander is established at this time.

- The Incident Commander is the individual responsible for the command and control of all aspects of the emergency response. The Incident Commander must be able to quickly assess an emergency situation, determine the level of impact, assess the effect, contain the incident and assign the proper resources. The role of Incident Commander may be delegated through the Chief of Police, Executive Management Team, or Local Responding Agencies, depending on the emergency.

DECLARATION OF DISASTER
The President of the university may declare a campus state of disaster. The effect of the declaration is to activate the recovery and reconstitution aspects of the plan and to authorize furnishing aid and assistance. When the scope of the emergency exceeds local capability to respond, outside assistance is required from neighboring jurisdictions and the state government. The following guidelines apply if outside assistance is needed:

- Texas A&M University-Commerce has the responsibility for emergency disaster operations within its jurisdiction. Other local government agencies responding to a request for assistance will normally be under the direction and control of the University.

- Whenever a large-scale emergency occurs within any of the emergency management cooperating jurisdictions and it is determined necessary that all resources in the county area are required, a joint university/cities/counties operation is initiated.

- The services of the Hunt County and City of Commerce Emergency Management Coordinator will normally be available to each political subdivision, whether the disaster is localized or countywide. He/she may serve as advisor to either: city mayor, county judge, Texas A&M-University-Commerce EOT, or other local government agency upon request and will function in an advisory or other role, on staff in the Emergency Operations Center (EOC) or Emergency Control Center (ECC), if requested.
If local resources are inadequate to deal with an emergency situation, we will request assistance from the State. State assistance furnished to A&M-Commerce is intended to supplement local resources and not substitute for such resources, including mutual aid resources, equipment purchases or leases, or resources covered by emergency service contracts. State assistance is requested only after local, city, and county resources have been exhausted. This request is made by the Texas A&M Universities Emergency Management Director.

Requests for state assistance should be made to the Texas Division of Emergency Management (TDEM), beginning with the TDEM District Coordinator. A request for state assistance must be made by the Emergency Management Director of A&M-Commerce. TDEM has the authority to utilize all state resources within the district to respond to a request for assistance, with the exception of the National Guard. Use of National Guard resources requires approval of the Governor.

The Disaster District staff will forward requests for assistance that cannot be satisfied by state resources within the District to the State Operations Center (SOC) in Austin for action.

The university assumes no liability for injury or death of volunteers in the performance of their duties as volunteers except that, which is imposed by State Law. University employees assigned to duty as part of the guidelines for emergency operations shall retain all the rights, privileges, and immunities of university employees.

COMMAND AND CONTROL

EXECUTIVE MANAGEMENT TEAM (EMT)
The Executive Management Team (EMT) will evaluate information from various sources during the progress of the event and advise the President on appropriate actions requiring his/her decision. The EMT is also responsible for the review and approval of the EOP.

The EMTs role is that of policy and major decisions. Typically, this would be centered on planning and preparation prior to and the recovery from the incident, the long-term effects of the incident, and the need to restore the university to normal operations. The EMT would be directly involved in incident stabilization primarily if major expenditures or policy decisions were needed to complete the stabilization. Accordingly, the responsibilities of this body include:

- Final plan approval and final major policy decisions.
- Allocation and direct distribution of resources required to reduce identified vulnerabilities.
- Allocation and direct distribution of resources required to accomplish the purposes of this EOP.
• Assist in the request of needed resources from outside resources that are unavailable internally.

• Delegate necessary authorities for incident stabilization and protection of life and property.

• Identify critical business functions that must quickly be restored and maintained.

• Determine long-term (greater than 30 days) effects the incident may have on the university.

• Monitor the recovery process to ensure the recovery is proceeding according to plan and to provide guidance/assistance as needed.

• Ensure the Incident Commander is functioning in a responsible manner. This process should be undertaken through joint briefings between the EMT and the Incident Commander.

In the event that an incident is deemed severe enough to require additional staff, the Incident Commander will notify the appropriate EOP staff.

• The EMT will report to the Emergency Control Center (ECC) during incidents. The ECC will be covered in later sections.

EMERGENCY OPERATION TEAM (EOT)
The Emergency Operation Team (EOT) is activated, based on the type and nature of the incident, primarily to manage and assist in the operational or financial aspects of the university’s response to an emergency event.

• It should be noted that for any given incident, it might not be necessary for all members of the EOT to be part of the incident stabilization and recovery effort. The Incident Commander will be responsible for notifying members of the EOT when their services are needed.

• The EOT is comprised of senior management personnel representing functional areas of the university that have critical Emergency Operation Plan execution responsibilities.

• The EOT works under the authority of the Executive Management Team (EMT). Assignments and responsibilities will be in conjunction with the EMT listed responsibilities.
ASSUMPTION OF RESPONSIBILITIES

Assumption of Presidential Responsibilities
In the temporary absence of the President, there may be certain decisions which cannot await the President’s return. Temporary absence means that the President is away from campus and cannot immediately be reached by telephone or other means or it may not be practical to contact the President.

It shall be the responsibility of the person on campus next in line to assume this authority in the order as listed in Texas A&M University Procedure 02.05.99.R0.01 Assumption of Presidential Responsibility.

Assumption of Emergency Operation Team Responsibility
This Emergency Operation Plan consists of team members divided into the Executive Management Team and Emergency Operation Team. In the absence of a Primary Emergency Response Team Member a secondary or alternate team member may be called upon to assume the departmental decision making roles for that Primary Team Member.

The Executive Management Team Members and all Primary Emergency Response Team Members will be notified when the Emergency Operation Plan is activated or when the Emergency Operation Center is opened.

Secondary and Alternate Team Members will only be notified when the emergency situation warrants further response personnel or notification. This decision of notification will be made by an Executive Management Team Member, Emergency Management Coordinator, or Incident Commander.

EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT DIRECTOR (EMD)
The Emergency Management Director will provide plan oversight, emergency operation center support, organizational support for response activities, assistance as needed for the University Police Chief, exercise development oversight, and support of the universities continuity plan maintenance.

*The EMD for A&M-Commerce is the Director of Emergency Management and Safety.*

EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT COORDINATOR (EMC)
The Emergency Management Coordinator (EMC) is a member of the Emergency Response Team and is responsible for the pre-planning coordination of the Emergency Operation Plan and its annexes.

- The EMC consults with Emergency Operation Team members throughout the year to ensure resources are made available for plan knowledge, support, and execution.

- The EMC acts as a liaison between the Incident Command and EMT.
• The EMC ensures that the A&M-Commerce Emergency Operation Plan is compatible with the City of Commerce Emergency Operating Plan.

• The EMC serves as the Emergency Operation Center Controller.

• The EMC is responsible for plan maintenance and training of NIMS.

• The EMC is the university contact with local and regional emergency planning organizations.

• The EMC assists in the coordination and execution of yearly EOP drills and lessons.

• The EMC coordinates the Building Emergency Coordinators plan and review.

• The EMC is responsible for the distribution of the EOP to all team members and local agencies.

*The EMC for A&M-Commerce is the Emergency Management Operations Specialist.

INCIDENT COMMANDER (IC)
The Incident Commander (IC) is the **ONLY** position that is always filled. It may be filled by the first primary responder on scene, and then replaced by a superior respondent trained in ICS. In the initial response to incidents, the IC operates from the Incident Command Post (ICP). If incidents expand, the IC will activate the Emergency Operation Center (EOC) and notify the necessary staff. The IC also has the following responsibilities:

• Has the overall responsibility of command and control over response management of the incident, either from the EOC or ICP.

• Ensures incident responder safety.

• Protects health and safety of the general public and the environment.

• Provides information to internal and external stakeholders.

• Maintains liaison with other agencies.

* The IC will be delegated through the Executive Management Team. Depending on the incident, the IC functions could be delegated through the Executive Management Team and responding agencies with a unified command. For most incidents either the Police Chief or Emergency Management Director (or designee of either) will fill the role of Incident Commander.
EMERGENCY OPERATION CENTER CONTROLLER
The EOC Controller is responsible for the equipment operations of the EOC when it is activated. The EOC controller maintains the university’s emergency facilities throughout the year. The EOC Controller will be assigned to most EOC activations; however, the IC could decide that the incident level requires the EOC Controller to be assigned to other areas of incident stabilization.

*The EOC Controller for A&M-Commerce is the Emergency Management Coordinator.

LIAISON OFFICER
The Liaison Officer assists in the coordination of information between the EOC and Public Information Officer (PIO). Information made available to the media will only be directed through the Liaison Officer and PIO. The Liaison Officer also assists the IC in the coordination of information between IC and Mutual Aid agencies.

*The Liaison Officer for A&M-Commerce is the Crime Information Officer of the UPD.

SAFETY OFFICER
The Safety Officer ensures the safety of Operations Staff, responding agencies, and the university population during incidents in conjunction with the IC.

*The Safety Officer for A&M-Commerce is the on-site representative of the Dept. of Emergency Management and Safety.

PUBLIC INFORMATION OFFICER (PIO)
A member of the Command Staff responsible for interfacing with the public and media or with other agencies with incident related information requirements. The PIO follows the written crisis communication plan when an incident requires communications to the public, media, other agencies, or web-based communication.

*The PIO for A&M-Commerce is the Executive Director of Marketing and Communications.

EMERGENCY OPERATION FACILITIES
The Incident Commander (IC) will decide the classification of the incident, and based upon the IC’s assessment, all or part of the university’s emergency operation facilities will be activated. Emergency Operation Facilities include:

- Emergency Operation Center
- Emergency Control Centers
- Incident Command Post
- Field Command Post

EMERGENCY OPERATION CENTER (EOC)
In a major event, the University Incident Commander will summon the necessary responding agencies (UPD, Commerce Fire, Police, or Emergency Response Team Members). The responding agencies or staff will report to the University Emergency Operations Center (EOC)
or other specific location as directed. Executive Management Team members might also be contacted and may also be present.

Depending upon the type of incident, the Incident Commander, at his/her discretion, may designate an alternate location as the primary EOC. If all of these EOCs are inaccessible, the backup EOC off campus will be located at the City of Commerce Police Department EOC.

**EOC Functions**

- Serves as a primary area for the Incident Commander to operate response activities.
- Serves as a primary area for the responding agencies to coordinate supporting activities for the incident.
- Serves as a primary area for other agencies to provide assistance with incidents on campus.
- Provides a communication base.
- Obtains local, state, and federal assistance.
- Serves as the centralized, well-supported location in which the Emergency Operating Team, lead agencies, or appropriate local agencies may gather and assume their role.
- Serves as the location for the planning, coordinating, and delegating of response activities and assignments.
- Provide Unit Log sheets for recordkeeping for each assigned staff.

The EOC will also follow an incident command system (ICS) structure. This is to ensure consistency with operations at the incident site.

**EOC Activation Priorities**

- As appropriate, broadcast the appropriate information through the Pride Alert system to the university community.
- Establish communications with the Incident Command Post or Field Command Post and provide resources as requested.
- Establish radio and/or telephone communications with mutual aid entities as needed.
- Establish internal telephone communications.
- Establish computer network links.
- Set up maps, charts, and aerial photos as required.

**EMERGENCY CONTROL CENTERS (ECC)**

Emergency Control Centers (ECC) are areas where the Executive Management Team (EMT) will gather and provide the necessary actions for policy, expenditures, and support functions for the incident. The location of the ECCs will be determined by the incident commander.

**INCIDENT COMMAND POST (ICP)**

If necessary, the Incident Commander may operate from an Incident Command Post. ICPs can be established as the only source of command for an incident if the Incident Commander decides that the incident level does not warrant full EOC activation.

- The Incident Command Post (ICP) conducts all operations using the Incident/Unified Command System (ICS).

- Upon establishment of the ICP, if the EOC is also activated, the Incident Commander establishes the reporting functions of the ICP and EOC.

- The ICP will be located at a safe distance from the incident where the incident commander, responders and technical representatives can make response decisions, deploy workers and equipment, and maintain liaison with the media and handle communications.

**FIELD COMMAND POST (FCP)**

The Field Command Post is established as remote areas of operations. FCPs are structured similar to Incident Command Post. If an incident involves operations that are spread out, FCPs would support operations by establishing operations command at specified areas. The Incident Command Post would be supported by Field Command Posts.

- The FCP will be located at a safe distance from the incident where the incident commander, responders and technical representatives can make response decisions, deploy workers and equipment, and maintain liaison with ICP or EOC.

**BUILDING EMERGENCY COORDINATORS (BEC)**

BECs are responsible for plan implementation at their responsible area. BECs will be appointed by the appropriate VP, dean, or director (*Appendix 2 – BEC List*). BECs will operate under the supervision of the appropriate EOT member’s guidance. BECs will be expected to keep an updated list of staff and resources in order to facilitate the appropriate response activity for incidents. Responsibilities of the BEC include:

- Maintains the emergency first aid kit, flashlight, and/or the radio for the building.

- Completes necessary training for emergency techniques.

- Serves as the communication link with the IC during incidents.
• Assists in evacuations of the area when incident requires such.

RECOVERY AND DAMAGE ASSESSMENT
The Continuity and Recovery Group will consist of the following:

• Vice President for Finance and Administration
• Vice President for Student Success, Dean of Students
• Director of Emergency Management and Safety
• University Police Chief
• CIO
• Director of Facilities
• SSC Facilities Manager at Texas A&M University-Commerce

The Texas A&M University-Commerce Emergency Operation Plan is the primary response, recovery, and deactivation guideline for efforts relating to command and control of short term and long term recovery efforts.

The Damage Assessment Team will assist community agencies (i.e., Commerce Fire Department and/or Commerce Police) in conducting post emergency/disaster surveys to ascertain the damage. The Damage Assessment Team will report the findings to the President of the university.

The recovery process for A&M Commerce will be managed by the Damage Assessment Team. Depending on the nature and severity of recovery processes, the Damage Assessment Team may request additional staffing.

The university has an institutional continuity plan that provides the framework for long term recovery and reconstitution efforts. Support of this plan is managed by the Department of Campus Operations and Safety. In the absence of departmental continuity plans, the management of recovery efforts will follow the guiding principles of this plan and the NIMS operating structure.

EXECUTIVE MANAGEMENT TEAM RESPONSIBILITIES

Continuity of Operations
The Executive Management Team will ensure they provide their division with the necessary tools and resources to properly plan for long term recovery efforts.

• Departments/divisions will determine the functions that they must perform in order to continue to operate, exercise their authority, and provide necessary services. These functions are considered essential functions.

• Each division/department/college will identify vital records, databases and equipment, which must be available to support performance of essential functions. The university
will also identify vendors and contractors available to support restoration of vital records, systems, equipment and/or processes.

- Activate the Continuity Annex for support of long term recovery efforts.

- Will work with Contracted Facilities Management Company to identify appropriate available facilities for the affected divisions/departments.

- Provide access to resources including personnel and expertise from their organization as needed

- Identify primary and alternate modes of communication, and preventive controls in place for each means of communication.

**University President**

- Retains, at all times, executive authority to make decisions concerning overall management.

- Grants the Incident Commander the authority to make executive decisions concerning the overall management of the emergency.

- Announces levels of campus evacuations. All decisions concerning the discontinuation of university functions, cancellation of classes, or cessation of operations, rests with the President or his/her designee.

- President or his/her designee shall be responsible for declaring any major institutional disaster.

- Works with the Chief of Police, the Emergency Management Director, and the Damage Assessment Team in assessing damages from the emergency and preparing the university's specific responses.

- Informs all employees under his/her direction of the emergency situations as appropriate.

- Understands the EOP and is prepared to accept incident responsibilities as needed, as directed by the Incident Commander or Emergency Management Director, or designee.

**Provost & Vice President for Academic Affairs**

- Informs all employees under his/her direction of the emergency situations as appropriate.

- Coordinates implementation of emergency procedures.

- Ensures emergency guidelines are established for appropriate departments.
• Ensures that all faculty members are aware of Emergency Operation Plan drills and participates in drills and exercises.

• Understands the EOP and is prepared to accept incident responsibilities as needed, as directed by the Incident Commander or Emergency Management Director, or designee.

• Ensures emergency guidelines are established for appropriate departments.

• Understands the EOP and is prepared to accept incident responsibilities as needed, as directed by the Incident Commander or Emergency Management Director, or designee.

**Vice-President for Finance & Administration**

• Informs all employees under his/her direction of emergency situations as appropriate.

• Coordinates implementation of emergency procedures.

• Ensures emergency guidelines are established for appropriate departments.

• Coordinates financial resources for response and recovery operations.

• Coordinates physical resources for response and recovery operations.

• Serves as a member of the Damage Assessment Team.

• Understands the EOP and is prepared to accept incident responsibilities as needed, as directed by the Incident Commander or Emergency Management Director, or designee.

**Vice President for Student Success, Dean of Students**

• Informs all employees under his/her direction of emergency situations as appropriate.

• Coordinates implementation of emergency procedures.

• Ensures emergency guidelines are established for appropriate departments.

• Assigns proper assistance with staffing in all incidents involving Student Housing.

• Assists in all incidents involving students.

• Coordinates activities with Student Government Association.

• Assists with emergency response within the Student Center.

• Establishes an emergency telephone information center to handle calls from parents.

• Serves as a member of the Damage Assessment Team.
- Understands the EOP and is prepared to accept incident responsibilities as needed, as directed by the Incident Commander or Emergency Management Director, or designee.

**Vice President for Research and Economic Development**
- Informs all employees under his/her direction of the emergency situations as appropriate.
- Coordinates implementation of emergency procedures.
- Ensures all available resources are available for emergency notifications and media engagements.
- Ensures emergency guidelines are established for appropriate departments.
- Ensures that all research staff are aware of Emergency Operation Plan drills and participates in drills and exercises.
- Ensures all employees under his/her direction attend safety training courses.
- Understands the EOP and is prepared to accept incident responsibilities as needed, as directed by the Incident Commander or Emergency Management Director, or designee.

**Vice President for Philanthropy & Engagement**
- Informs all employees under his/her direction of the emergency situations as appropriate.
- Coordinates implementation of emergency procedures.
- Ensures emergency guidelines are established for appropriate departments.
- Ensures all employees under his/her direction attend safety training courses.
- Understands the EOP and is prepared to accept incident responsibilities as needed, as directed by the Incident Commander or Emergency Management Director, or designee.

**Vice President for Enrollment Management**
- Informs all employees under his/her direction of the emergency situations as appropriate.
- Coordinates implementation of emergency procedures.
- Ensures emergency guidelines are established for appropriate departments.
- Ensures all employees under his/her direction attend safety training courses.
- Understands the EOP and is prepared to accept incident responsibilities as needed, as directed by the Incident Commander or Emergency Management Director, or designee.
**Vice-President for Inclusion**
- Informs all employees under his/her direction of the emergency situations as appropriate.
- Coordinates implementation of emergency procedures.
- Ensures emergency guidelines are established for appropriate departments.
- Ensures all employees under his/her direction attend safety training courses.
- Understands the EOP and is prepared to accept incident responsibilities as needed, as directed by the Incident Commander or Emergency Management Director, or designee.

**Director of Athletics**
- Informs all employees under his/her direction of the emergency situations as appropriate.
- Assigns proper assistance with staffing in all incidents involving student athletes.
- Assigns proper assistance with staffing in all incidents involving athletic facilities.
- Coordinates implementation of emergency procedures.
- Ensures emergency guidelines are established for appropriate departments.
- Ensures all employees under his/her direction attend safety training courses.
- Understands the EOP and is prepared to accept incident responsibilities as needed, as directed by the Incident Commander or Emergency Management Director, or designee.
GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Agency
A division of government with a specific function offering a particular kind of assistance. In ICS, agencies are defined either as jurisdictional (having statutory responsibility for incident management) or as assisting or cooperating (providing resources or other assistance).

Agency Representative
A person assigned by a primary, assisting, or cooperating federal, state, local, or tribal government agency or private entity that has been delegated authority to make decisions affecting that agency’s or organization’s participation in incident management activities following appropriate consultation with the leadership of that agency.

Area Command (Unified Area Command)
An organization established (1) to oversee the management of multiple incidents that are each being handled by an ICS organization or (2) to oversee the management of large or multiple incidents to which several Incident Management Teams have been assigned. Area Command has the responsibility to set overall strategy and priorities, allocate critical resources according to priorities, ensure that incidents are properly managed, and ensure that objectives are met and strategies followed. Area Command becomes a Unified Area Command when incidents are multi-jurisdictional. Area Command may be established at an EOC facility or at some location other than an ICP.

Chain of Command
A series of command, control, executive, or management positions in hierarchical order of authority.

Command Staff
In an incident management organization, the Command Staff consists of the Incident Command and the special staff positions of Public Information Officer, Safety Officer, Liaison Officer, and other positions as required, who report directly to the Incident Commander. They may have an assistant or assistants, as needed.

Credible Threat
A potential terrorist threat that, based on a threat assessment, is credible and likely to involve WMD.

Crisis Management
Predominantly a law enforcement function and included measures to identify, acquire, and plan the use of resources needed to anticipate, prevent, and/or resolve a threat or act of terrorism.

Critical Operations Unit Plan
A Critical Operations Unit Plan identifies emergency preparation, coordination, and response activities for specific functional units.
Disaster
A disaster is defined as a university, citywide or more extensive emergency which seriously impairs or halts the operations of A&M-Commerce.

Emergency
A situation or occurrence of a serious nature, developing suddenly and unexpectedly, and demanding immediate actions.

Emergency Management Coordinator (EMC)
The EMC is a member of the Emergency Operations Team and is responsible for the preplanning coordination of the Emergency Management Plan and its annexes. The EMC consults directly with the University Incident Commander during an actual emergency.

Emergency Operations Center (EOC)
The physical location at which the coordination of information and resources to support domestic incident management activities normally takes place. An EOC may be a temporary facility or may be located in a more central or permanently established facility, perhaps at a higher level of organization within a jurisdiction. EOCs may be organized by major functional disciplines (e.g., fire, law enforcement, and medical services), by jurisdiction (e.g., federal, state, regional, county, city, tribal), or by some combination thereof.

EOC Controller
The EOC controller is responsible for the equipment operations of the EOC when it is activated. The EOC controller is the university Safety Manager.

Emergency Operations Plan (EOP)
The “steady-state” plan maintained by various jurisdictional levels for managing a wide variety of potential hazards.

Emergency Response Team (ERT)
The Emergency Response Team (ERT) is activated, based on the type and nature of the incident, to manage the operational aspects of the university’s response to an emergency event. The university Incident Commander heads the Emergency Operations Team.

Emergency Response Provider
Includes federal, state, local, and tribal emergency public safety, law enforcement, emergency response, emergency medical (including hospital emergency facilities) and related personnel, agencies, and authorities. Also known as “emergency responder.”

Emergency Support Function (ESF)
A grouping of government and certain private-sector capabilities into an organizational structure to provide the support, resources, program implementation, and services that are most likely to be needed to save lives, protect property and the environment, restore essential services and critical infrastructure, and help victims and communities return to normal, when feasible,
following domestic incidents. The ESFs serve as the primary operational-level mechanism to provide assistance to state, local, and tribal governments or to federal departments and agencies conducting missions of primary federal responsibility.

**Evacuation**
Organized, phased, and supervised withdrawal, dispersal, or removal of civilians from dangerous or potentially dangerous areas, and their reception and care in safe areas.

**Executive Management Team (EMT)**
The Executive Management Team (EMT) will evaluate information from various sources during the progress of the event and advise the President on appropriate actions requiring his/her decision. The EMT is also responsible for the review and approval of the Emergency Operation Plan. The EMTs role is that of policy and major decisions.

**Field Command Post (FCP)**
The Field Command Post is established as a remote area of operations. FCPs are structured similar to Incident Command Post. If an incident involves operations that are spread out, FCPs would support operations by establishing operations command at specified areas.

**First Responder**
Local and non-governmental police, fire, and emergency personnel who in the early stages of an incident are responsible for the protection and preservation of life, property, evidence, and the environment. First responders may include personnel from federal, state, local, tribal, or non-governmental organizations.

**Incident**
An occurrence or event, natural or human caused, that requires an emergency response to protect life or property. Incidents can, for example, include major disasters, emergencies, terrorist attacks, terrorist threats, wildland and urban fires, floods, hazardous materials spills, nuclear accidents, aircraft accidents, earthquakes, hurricanes, tornadoes, tropical storms, war-related disasters, public health and medical emergencies, and other occurrences requiring an emergency response.

**Incident Action Plan**
An oral or written plan containing general objectives reflecting the overall strategy for managing an incident. It may include the identification of operational resources and assignments. It may also include attachments that provide direction and important information for management of the incident during one or more operational periods.

**Incident Command Post (ICP)**
The field location at which the primary tactical-level, on-scene incident command functions are performed.

**Incident Command System (ICS)**
A standardized on-scene emergency management construction, specifically designed to provide for the adoption of an integrated organizational structure that reflects the complexity and
demands of single or multiple incidents without being hindered by jurisdictional boundaries. ICS is the combination of facilities, equipment, personnel, procedures, and communications operating with a common organizational structure, designed to aid in the management of resources during incidents. ICS is used for all kinds of emergencies and is applicable to small as well as large and complex incidents. ICS is used by various jurisdictions and functional agencies, both public and private, or organized field-level incident management operations.

**Incident Commander (IC)**
The individual responsible for all incident activities, including the development of strategies and tactics and the ordering and release of resources. The IC has overall authority and responsibility for conducting incident operations and is responsible for the management of all incident operations at the incident site.

**Incident Management Team (IMT)**
The Incident Commander and appropriate Command and General Staff personnel assigned to an incident. At A&M-Commerce, this team is comprised of the Executive Management Team and the Emergency Response Team.

**Isolated Critical Incident**
An Isolated Critical Incident is defined as an occurrence impacting only a small part of the university community or university physical property, which does not affect the overall functioning capacity of A&M-Commerce.

**Jurisdiction**
A range or sphere of authority. Public agencies have jurisdiction at an incident related to their legal responsibilities and authorities. Jurisdictional authority at an incident can be political or geographical (e.g., city, county, tribal, state, or federal boundary lines) or functional (e.g., law enforcement, public health).

**Liaison Officer**
A member of the Command Staff responsible for coordinating with representatives from cooperating and assisting agencies.

**Local Government**
A county, municipality, city, town, township, local public authority, school district, special district, intrastate district, council of governments, regional or interstate government entity, or agency or instrumentality of a local government.

**Major Critical Incident**
A Major Critical Incident is defined as a serious emergency, which completely disrupts one or more operations of A&M-Commerce.

**Major Disaster**
As defined by the Stafford Act, any natural catastrophe (including any hurricane, tornado, storm, high water, wind-driven water, tidal wave, tsunami, earthquake, volcanic eruption, landslide, mudslide, snowstorm, or drought) or, regardless of cause, any fire, flood, or explosion, in any part of the United States, which in the determination of the President causes damage of sufficient
severity and magnitude to warrant major disaster assistance under this act to supplement the
efforts and available resources of states, local governments, and disaster relief organizations in
alleviating the damage, loss, hardship, or suffering caused thereby.

Mitigation
Activities designed to reduce or eliminate risks to persons or property or to lessen the actual or
potential effects or consequences of an incident. Mitigation measures may be implemented prior
to, during, or after an incident.

Mobilization
The process and procedures used by all organizations—federal, state, local, and tribal—for
activating, assembling, and transporting all resources that have been requested to respond to or
support an incident.

Mobilization Center
An off-site temporary facility at which response personnel and equipment are received from the
Point of Arrival and are pre-positioned for deployment to an incident logistics base, to a local
Staging Area, or directly to an incident site, as required. A mobilization center also provides
temporary support services, such as food and billeting for response personnel prior to their
assignment, release, or reassignment and serves as a place to out-process following
demobilization.

Multiagency Command Center (MACC)
An interagency coordination center that serves as the focal point for interagency security
planning and coordination.

Multijurisdictional Incident
An incident requiring action from multiple agencies that each have jurisdiction to manage certain
aspects of an incident. In ICS, these incidents will be managed under Unified Command.

Mutual Aid Agreement
Written agreement between agencies, organizations, and/or jurisdictions that they will assist one
another on request by furnishing personnel, equipment, and/or expertise in a specified manner.

National Incident Management System (NIMS)
A system that provides a consistent, nationwide approach for federal, state, local, and tribal
governments. NIMS is a modular emergency management system designed for all hazards and
levels of emergency response.

Preparedness
The range of deliberate, critical tasks, and activities necessary to build, sustain, and improve the
operational capability to prevent, protect against, respond to, and recover from domestic
incidents.
Prevention
Actions taken to avoid an incident or to intervene to stop an incident from occurring. Prevention involves actions taken to protect lives and property.

Public Information Officer (PIO)
A member of the Command Staff responsible for interfacing with the public and media or with other agencies with incident related information requirements.

Public Works
Work, construction, physical facilities, and services provided by governments for the benefit and use of the public.

Recovery
The development, coordination, and execution of service and site-restoration plans for impacted communities and the reconstitution of operations and services through individual, private-sector, non-governmental, and public assistance.

Resources
Personnel and major items of equipment, supplies, and facilities available or potentially available for assignment to incident operations and for which status is maintained. Resources are described by kind and type and may be used in operational support or supervisory capacities at an incident or at an EOC.

Response
Activities that address the short-term, direct effects of an incident. Response includes immediate actions to save lives, protect property, and meet basic human needs.

Span of Control
Pertains to the number of individuals or resources that one supervisor can manage effectively during emergency response incidents or special events.

Terrorism
Any activity that (1) involves an act that (a) is dangerous to human life or potentially destructive of critical infrastructure or key resources; and (b) is a violation of the criminal laws of the United States or of any State or other subdivision of the United States; and (2) appears to be intended (a) to intimidate or coerce a civilian population; (b) to influence the policy of a government by intimidation or coercion; or (c) to affect the conduct of a government by mass destruction, assassination, or kidnapping.

Threat
An indication of possible violence, harm, or danger.
Unified Command
An application of ICS used when there is more than one agency with incident jurisdiction or when incidents cross political jurisdictions. Agencies work together through the designated members of the Unified Command to establish their designated Incident Commanders at a single ICP and to establish a common set of objectives and strategies and a single Incident Action Plan.

Unit
A unit is a department, shop, or other defined entity of the university.

Unit Control Centers
Unit Control Centers support operational groups of the EOP. They provide a focal point within an organization to monitor unit resources and response capability and coordinate their activities during disasters.

Weapon of Mass Destruction (WMD)
As defined in Title 18, U.S.C. § 2332a: (1) any explosive, incendiary, or poison gas, bomb, grenade, rocket having a propellant charge of more than 4 ounces, or missile having an explosive or incendiary charge of more than one-quarter ounce, or mine or similar device; (2) any weapon that is designed or intended to cause death or serious bodily injury through the release, dissemination, or impact of toxic or poisonous chemicals or their precursors; (3) any weapon involving a disease organism; or (4) any weapon that is designed to release radiation or radioactivity at a level dangerous to human life.
Appendix
Emergency Operation Plan
APPENDIX 1  NATIONAL INCIDENT MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (NIMS)

NIMS is a modular emergency management system designed for all hazards and levels of emergency response. This system creates a combination of facilities, equipment, personnel, procedures, and communication operating within a standardized organizational structure. The system is used by the Department of Homeland Security and throughout the United States as the basis for emergency response management. Use of the NIMS at the university facilitates the university’s ability to communicate and coordinate response actions with other jurisdictions and external emergency response agencies. As a management system, NIMS helps to mitigate the incident risks by providing accurate information, strict accountability, planning and cost-effective operations and logistical support for any incident. NIMS can be used on any kind or size of an incident. It can also be used for planned non-emergency events. Some of the kinds of incidents and events that have been managed through NIMS are listed below:

- Fires, HAZMAT, and multi-casualty incidents.
- Multi-jurisdiction and multi-agency disaster responses (natural disaster, terrorism, civil unrest).
- Search and rescue missions.
- Significant transportation accidents.
- Major planned events, e.g., celebrations, parades, concerts.

KEY PRINCIPLES OF NIMS

- Modular response model based on activating only those organizational elements required to meet current objectives.
- Common terminology applied to organization elements, position titles, facility designations and resources.
- Unified command structure so that organizational elements are linked to form a single overall structure with appropriate span-of-control limits.
- Comprehensive resource management for coordinating and inventorying resources for field responses.
- Integrated communication so that information systems operate smoothly among all response agencies involved.
- Generic positions whereby individuals are trained for each emergency response role and follow prepared action checklists.
- Consolidated action plans that contain strategy to meet objectives at both the field response and Emergency Operations Center levels.
ORGANIZATION
NIMS is organized around five major management activities.

Command
Has overall responsibility at the incident or event. Determines objectives and establishes priorities based on the nature of the incident, available resources and agency policy. In all incidents, there is an identified Incident Commander or a unified command team. These have responsibility for overall management of the incident and must be fully qualified to manage the incident.

Operations
Develops the tactical organization and directs all resources to carry out the Incident Action Plan.

Planning
Develops the Incident Action Plan to accomplish the objectives. Collects and evaluates information, and maintains status of assigned resources.

Logistics
Provides resources and all other services needed to support the organization.

Finance/Administration
Monitors costs related to the incident, provides accounting, procurement, time recording, cost analysis, and overall fiscal guidance.

- On small incidents, the five major activities may be managed by a single individual. Large incidents usually require each of these activities to be established as a separate section within the organization.

- Not all sections need to be established within NIMS organization.

- The Incident Commander will make this decision based on the demands of the incident. Each of the primary Incident Command System sections may be further subdivided as reflected in the organization chart.
The following organizational charts represent 3 examples of incident command organization for the operations section. Depending on the scale of the incident, operations can be simple to complex.
APPENDIX 2  BUILDING EMERGENCY COORDINATORS

Building Emergency Coordinators (BEC) act as a liaison between their respective building occupants and Facilities Management, Department of Emergency Management & Safety and/or the University Police Department (UPD). The BEC may report safety issues to Department of Emergency Management & Safety and security issues to the UPD. The BEC will act as a point of contact during emergency situations to the Incident Commander and/or the Emergency Operation Center (EOC).

Operation of the Building Emergency Coordinator system is based upon the following guidelines:

1. BECs must be full-time employees of the University. They must be readily available during working hours and must have the ability to be contacted during off-working hours should an emergency arise. Students, graduate assistants, and part-time employees are not acceptable BECs as they are not generally available throughout the workday and do not bring continuity to the BEC program.

2. BECs act as the liaison between building occupants and University Police Department (UPD), Department of Emergency Management & Safety, and Facilities Management.

3. The BECs job is mainly a position of communication. Working arrangements are made between the Building Emergency Coordinator, their dean, director or department head and UPD, Department of Emergency Management & Safety, and Facilities.

4. BEC appointments are made by the occupying department head in cooperation with the Emergency Management & Safety Director and the Vice President for Business & Administration. If the occupying department is unable to select a BEC, the Vice President for Business & Administration will appoint a BEC. Please notify the Emergency Management & Safety Director when any changes in Building Emergency Coordinator assignments are made.

Authority of a Building Emergency Coordinator

- BECs are authorized to evacuate their area of responsibility or building if, in their judgment, a situation exists justifying such action.

- BECs are authorized to act as the liaison between the UPD and Department of Emergency Management & Safety during certain emergency situations.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>BUILDING NAME</th>
<th>NUMBER</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8750 Northpark Central</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AG / ET / Pavement engineering</td>
<td>B7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agronomy (lab, barn, greenhouse)</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alumni center</td>
<td>B1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Art</td>
<td>B2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BA 1&lt;sup&gt;st&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>B23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BA 2&lt;sup&gt;nd&lt;/sup&gt; – 3&lt;sup&gt;rd&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>B23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Binnion 1&lt;sup&gt;st&lt;/sup&gt; &amp; 2&lt;sup&gt;nd&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>B5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Binnion 3&lt;sup&gt;rd&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>B5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C.H.E.C.</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Children’s Learning Center</td>
<td>B8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Education North</td>
<td>B16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Education South</td>
<td>B37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employee Services</td>
<td>B12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F halls</td>
<td>B36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Farm / Equine</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ferguson Social Sciences 1&lt;sup&gt;st&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>B13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ferguson Social Sciences 2&lt;sup&gt;nd&lt;/sup&gt; / 3&lt;sup&gt;rd&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>B13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Field House – Whitley gym</td>
<td>B39, 43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frisco</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Halladay Student Services 1&lt;sup&gt;st&lt;/sup&gt; 2&lt;sup&gt;nd&lt;/sup&gt; 3&lt;sup&gt;rd&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>B17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Henderson 2&lt;sup&gt;nd&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>B19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Henderson 3&lt;sup&gt;rd&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>B19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heritage House</td>
<td>B18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Journalism</td>
<td>B21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KETR</td>
<td>B5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Memorial Stadium / Locker room</td>
<td>B24, 15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mesquite Metroplex Center</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Morris Recreation Center</td>
<td>B20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Music</td>
<td>B25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Navarro</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Pride</td>
<td>B27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nursing &amp; Health Services 1&lt;sup&gt;st&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>B28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nursing &amp; Health Services 2&lt;sup&gt;nd&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>B28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nursing &amp; Health Services 3&lt;sup&gt;rd&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>B28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outdoor Adventure Park</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Performing Arts Center</td>
<td>B29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phase II</td>
<td>B30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phase III</td>
<td>B31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plant Maintenance</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prairie Crossing</td>
<td>B32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pride Rock</td>
<td>B33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rayburn Student Center</td>
<td>B34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Science 1&lt;sup&gt;st&lt;/sup&gt; / Planetarium</td>
<td>B22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Science 2&lt;sup&gt;nd&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>B22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Science 3&lt;sup&gt;rd&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>B22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talbot Hall of Languages</td>
<td>B10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Velma K. Waters Library</td>
<td>B40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wathena Temple Building</td>
<td>B41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Welcome Center</td>
<td>B38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>West Halls</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Whitley Hall</td>
<td>B42</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
APPENDIX 3       ICS and LOCAL FORMS

The following forms are examples of the forms TAMUC will use during declared emergencies. All forms available for use will be found in Annex G – ICS Forms, available through the Department of Campus Operations and Safety. The ICS forms are intended as tools to assist in the development of the Incident Action Plan (IAP).

TAMUC will also use local forms to assist in the development of the IAP. These forms are also available through the Department of Campus Operations and Safety.
## INCIDENT BRIEFING (ICS 201)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1. Incident Name:</th>
<th>2. Incident Number:</th>
<th>3. Date/Time Initiated:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Date: Time:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. Map/Sketch (include sketch, showing the total area of operations, the incident site/area, impacted and threatened areas, overflight results, trajectories, impacted shorelines, or other graphics depicting situational status and resource assignment):

5. Situation Summary and Health and Safety Briefing (for briefings or transfer of command): Recognize potential incident Health and Safety Hazards and develop necessary measures (remove hazard, provide personal protective equipment, warn people of the hazard) to protect responders from those hazards.

6. Prepared by: Name: ___________________ Position/Title: ___________________ Signature: ___________________

ICS 201, Page 1 Date/Time: ___________________
ICS 202 – Incident Objectives

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>INCIDENT OBJECTIVES (ICS 202)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Incident Name:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Operational Period:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date From: Date To:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Time From: Time To:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Objective(s):</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Operational Period Command Emphasis:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Situational Awareness</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Site Safety Plan Required? Yes □ No □</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approved Site Safety Plan(s) Located at:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Incident Action Plan (the items checked below are included in this Incident Action Plan):</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>□ ICS 203 □ ICS 207 Other Attachments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>□ ICS 204 □ ICS 208</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>□ ICS 205 □ Map/Chart</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>□ ICS 205A □ Weather Forecast/Tides/Currents</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>□ ICS 206</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Prepared by: Name: Position/Title: Signature:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. Approved by Incident Commander: Name: Signature:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ICS 202 IAP Page Date/time:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## ORGANIZATION ASSIGNMENT LIST (ICS 203)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1. Incident Name:</th>
<th>2. Operational Period:</th>
<th>Date From:</th>
<th>Date To:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Time From:</td>
<td>Time To:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>3. Incident Commander(s) and Command Staff:</th>
<th>7. Operations Section:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IC/UCs</td>
<td>Chief</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deputy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Safety Officer</td>
<td>Staging Area</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public Info. Officer</td>
<td>Branch Director</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liaison Officer</td>
<td>Deputy</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>4. Agency/Organization Representatives:</th>
<th>Division/Group</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Agency/Organization</td>
<td>Name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Division/Group</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Branch</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deputy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Safety Officer</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public Info. Officer</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liaison Officer</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>5. Planning Section:</th>
<th>Division/Group</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chief</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deputy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resources Unit</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Situation Unit</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Documentation Unit</td>
<td>Branch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Demobilization Unit</td>
<td>Branch Director</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Technical Specialists</td>
<td>Deputy</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>6. Logistics Section:</th>
<th>Division/Group</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chief</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deputy</td>
<td>Air Operations Branch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Support Branch</td>
<td>Air Ops Branch Dir.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Director</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supply Unit</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facilities Unit</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ground Support Unit</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Service Branch</td>
<td>Deputy</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>8. Finance/Administration Section:</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ground Support Unit</td>
<td>Chief</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Service Branch</td>
<td>Deputy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Director</td>
<td>Time Unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Communications Unit</td>
<td>Procurement Unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medical Unit</td>
<td>Comp/Claims Unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Food Unit</td>
<td>Cost Unit</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>9. Prepared by: Name:</th>
<th>Position/Title:</th>
<th>Signature:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ICS 203</td>
<td>IAP Page _____</td>
<td>Date/Time</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# ASSIGNMENT LIST (ICS 204)

1. Incident Name:
2. Operational Period:
   Date From:  Date To:
   Time From:  Time To:
3. Branch:
   Division:
   Group:
   Staging Area:
4. Operations Personnel:
   Name  Contact Number(s)
   Operations Section Chief:
   Branch Director:
   Division/Group Supervisor:
5. Resources Assigned:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Resource Identifier</th>
<th>Leader</th>
<th># of Persons</th>
<th>Contact (e.g., phone, pager, radio frequency, etc.)</th>
<th>Reporting Location, Special Equipment and Supplies, Remarks, Notes, Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
6. Work Assignments:

7. Special Instructions:

8. Communications (radio and/or phone contact numbers needed for this assignment):
   Name/Function  Primary Contact, indicate cell, pager, or radio (frequency/system/channel)
   /              /                                           
   /              /                                           
   /              /                                           
9. Prepared by: Name:  Position/Title:  Signature:

ICS 204  IAP Page  Date/Time: 
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Incident Name</th>
<th>Incident Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Report Version (check one box on left):</th>
<th>Incident Commander(s) &amp; Agency or Organization:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Initial</td>
<td>Update</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Final</td>
<td></td>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Incident Management Organization:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Incident Start Date/Time:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Date:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Time:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Time Zone:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Current Incident Size or Area Involved (use unit label – e.g. “sq ft,” “city block”):</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Percent (%) Completed</th>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Incident Definition:</th>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Incident Complexity Level:</th>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>For Time Period:</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>From Date/Time:</td>
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<tr>
<td>To Date/Time:</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Prepared By:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Print Name:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ICS Position:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date/Time Prepared:</td>
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<tr>
<td>Time Zone:</td>
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<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Print Name:</td>
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<td>ICS Position:</td>
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<td>Signature:</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date/Time Submitted:</th>
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<tr>
<td>Time Zone:</td>
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<tr>
<th>State:</th>
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<thead>
<tr>
<th>County/Parish/Borough:</th>
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<tr>
<th>City:</th>
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<tr>
<th>Unit or Other:</th>
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<th>Incident Jurisdiction:</th>
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<tr>
<th>Incident Location Ownership (if different than jurisdiction):</th>
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<tr>
<th>US National Grid Reference:</th>
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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Legal Description (township, section, range):</th>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Short Location or Area Description (list all affected areas or a reference point):</th>
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<tr>
<th>Note any electronic geospatial data included or attached (indicate data format, content, and collection time information and labels):</th>
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<tr>
<th>Significant Events for the Time Period Reported (summarize significant progress made, evacuations, incident growth, etc.):</th>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Primary Materials or Hazards Involved (hazardous chemicals, fuel types, infectious agents, radiation, etc.):</th>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Damage Assessment Information (summarize damage and/or restriction of use or availability to residential or commercial property, natural resources, critical infrastructure and key resources, etc.):</th>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Structural Summary</th>
<th>Threatened (72 hrs)</th>
<th>Damaged</th>
<th>Destroyed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A.</td>
<td>B.</td>
<td>C.</td>
<td>D.</td>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Single Residences</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nonresidential Commercial Property</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Minor Structures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ICS 209, Page 1 of ___ * Required when applicable.
### INCIDENT CHECK-IN LIST (ICS 211)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1. Incident Name:</th>
<th>2. Incident Number:</th>
<th>3. Check-In Location (complete all that apply):</th>
<th>4. Start Date/Time:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>[ ] Base  [ ] Staging Area  [ ] ICP  [ ] Heibase  [ ] Other</td>
<td>Date:  Time:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Check-In Information (use reverse of form for remarks or comments)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>5. List single resource personnel (overhead) by agency and name, OR list resources by the following format:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>------</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**ICS 211**

17. Prepared by: Name: __________________________ Position/Title: __________________________ Signature: __________________________ Date/Time: __________________________
### GENERAL MESSAGE (ICS 213)

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<thead>
<tr>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Incident Name (Optional):</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. To (Name and Position):</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. From (Name and Position):</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Subject:</td>
<td>5. Date:</td>
<td>6. Time</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>7. Message:</td>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8. Approved by:</td>
<td>Name:    Signature:    Position/Title:</td>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9. Reply:</td>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10. Replied by:</td>
<td>Name:    Position/Title:    Signature:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ICS 213

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Date/Time:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ICS 221 - Demobilization

**DEMOBILIZATION CHECK-OUT (ICS 221)**

1. Incident Name: ____________________________
2. Incident Number: __________________________
3. Planned Release Date/Time: Date: ____________ Time: ____________
4. Resource or Personnel Released: ____________
5. Order Request Number: ______________________

6. Resource or Personnel:
   You and your resources are in the process of being released. Resources are not released until the checked boxes below have been signed off by the appropriate overhead and the Demobilization Unit Leader (or Planning Section representative).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LOGISTICS SECTION</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Signature</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Supply Unit</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Communications Unit</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facilities Unit</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ground Support Unit</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Security Manager</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FINANCE/ADMINISTRATION SECTION</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Signature</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Time Unit</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OTHER SECTION/STAFF Section</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Signature</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PLANNING SECTION</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Signature</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Documentation Leader</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Demobilization Leader</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

7. Remarks:

8. Travel Information:
   Room Overnight: □ Yes □ No
   Estimated Time of Departure: ____________
   Destination: ____________
   Actual Release Date/Time: ____________
   Estimated Time of Arrival: ____________
   Travel Method: ____________
   Contact Information While Traveling: ____________
   Manifest: □ Yes □ No
   Area/Agency/Region Notified: ____________
   Number: ____________

9. Reassignment Information: □ Yes □ No
   Incident Name: ____________
   Incident Number: ____________
   Location: ____________
   Order Request Number: ____________

10. Prepared by: Name: ____________ Position/Title: ____________ Signature: ____________

ICS 221 Date/Time: ____________
## Building and Location Verification

### Incident Classification:
- Non-Emergency
- Isolated Critical
- Major Critical
- Disaster

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Location Name</th>
<th>Street Address</th>
<th>Inspected For</th>
<th>Comment</th>
<th>Checked By</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Agronomy Lab</td>
<td>20429 CR 4320 Campusd</td>
<td>Water</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equine Arena</td>
<td>3112A Hwy 24 Campbell</td>
<td>Smoke</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equine Office</td>
<td>3112 Hwy 24 Campbell</td>
<td>Windows</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Farm Office</td>
<td>3029 Hwy 24 Campbell</td>
<td>Secure</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Livestock Center</td>
<td>3112 Hwy 24 Campbell</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pavement Eng Lab</td>
<td>1610 CR 4208 Campbell</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Pent Science Center</td>
<td>2069 CR 4320 Campbell</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rodes Barn</td>
<td>3114 Hwy 24 Campbell</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blueberry House</td>
<td>2903 Hwy 24 Campbell</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dairy Center/Lab</td>
<td>3029 Hwy 24 Campbell</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hog Barn</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adventure Based Operations</td>
<td>2320 Loop 175</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alumni Center</td>
<td>1706 Stonewall</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ART</td>
<td>2005 University Drive</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AUSTIN ENGINEERING</td>
<td>2000 Education Drive</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BERRY HALL Main Building</td>
<td>2301 Hwy 24</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BERRY HALL Building 1</td>
<td>2301 Hwy 24</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BERRY HALL Building 2</td>
<td>2301 Hwy 24</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>BERRY HALL Building 3</td>
<td>2301 Hwy 24</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>BERRY HALL Building 4</td>
<td>2301 Hwy 24</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>BERRY HALL Building 5</td>
<td>2301 Hwy 24</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>BERRY HALL Building 6</td>
<td>2301 Hwy 24</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>BINNION HALL</td>
<td>1500 Education Drive</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blake Hall</td>
<td>2301 Jackson</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>CRADDICK HALL</td>
<td>2301 West Hills Ave.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>David A. Teibot Hall</td>
<td>1601 Education Drive</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FERGUSON SOC. SCI.</td>
<td>1702 Education Drive</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>FIELD HOUSE</td>
<td>1004 Lee</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flume Hall</td>
<td>2300 Hwy 24</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Football Locker Room</td>
<td>1611 W. Near</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>HALLADAY STUDNT SVC</td>
<td>1809 Lee</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>
## Incident Executive Summary

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Staff Member Completing Report</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Time</th>
<th>ICS Position</th>
<th>Incident Classification</th>
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<tbody>
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### Locations Impacted

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### Situational Update

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Notifications Sent To</th>
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(Hunt County – Commerce – Commerce ISD – NWS – UPD Chief – TAMUC EMD – Senior Leadership – System Offices)

### Staff & Agencies Providing Assistance

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### Response Activities

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### Anticipated Future Objectives

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### Department Assignments

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### Upcoming Scheduled Meetings and Conference Calls

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### Needed Resources

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### Needed Improvements

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APPENDIX 4  EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

Serious Injury or Accident
- Do not move a seriously injured person unless there is a life-threatening situation.
- Call the UPD at 911 from a campus phone or 903-886-5111 from a cell phone.
- Give your name, location, and telephone number.
- Give as much information as possible regarding the nature of the injury or illness, whether or not the victim is conscious, etc. Officers will arrange for paramedic/ambulance, if required.
- Return to the victim. Keep the victim as calm and comfortable as possible.
- Remain with the victim until the UPD and/or emergency personnel arrive.

Hazardous Materials Incident – Spill
- If toxic chemicals come in contact with your skin, immediately flush the affected area with clear water. Use chemical showers, if available.
- Call the UPD at 911 from a campus phone or 903-886-5111 from a cell phone.
- Give your name, location, and telephone number.
- Be as accurate as possible when describing the type of material spilled, quantity, and location.
- Notify your supervisor/instructor of the extent and location of the spill, if possible.
- If there is any possible danger, evacuate the area immediately.

Hazardous Materials Incident – Fire
- Upon discovering a chemical fire, close windows and doors where the fire is located and immediately sound the building alarm.
- Call the UPD at 911 from a campus phone or 903-886-5111 from a cell phone.
- If the fire is large, very smoky, or rapidly spreading, evacuate the building immediately. Inform others in the building who may not have responded to the alarm to evacuate immediately. The alarm may not sound continuously. If the alarm stops, continue to evacuate. Warn others who may enter the building after the alarm stops.
- Walk; do not run, to the nearest exit.
- When fire alarms sound, do not use elevators. An elevator may become inoperative and a trap.
- Give assistance (if necessary) to disabled persons using the stairs.
- Evacuate to a distance of at least 500 feet from the building and stay out of the way of emergency personnel.

Hazardous Materials Incident – Exposure
- Immediately use the closest eyewash or shower for a minimum of 15 minutes.
- Remove contaminated clothing.
- Call the UPD at 911 from a campus phone or 903-886-5111 from a cell phone.

If you are not exposed, but witness the exposure:
- Call the UPD at 911 from a campus phone or 903-886-5111 from a cell phone.
- Remain in the area and keep area clear.
- Provide assistance to the exposed individual if there is no danger to you.
- Remove injured individual if possible.

Hazardous Materials Incident – Gas Leak
Gas Odor
- Call the UPD at 911 or 903-886-5111 from a cell phone.
- Warn others in the immediate area
- Vacate and secure area
- Notify department head/building proctor
- Meet with and assist emergency response personnel

Major Leak (e.g., pipeline break)
- Call the UPD at 911 or 903-886-5111 from a cell phone.
• Initiate evacuation of the building or, if outside, isolate the area
• Warn others in the immediate area
• Prevent sources of ignition (cigarettes, electrical equipment, etc.)
• Meet with and assist emergency response personnel
• Do not re-enter building or outside area until cleared by authorized personnel

**Fire or Smoke**

Before a fire situation arises:

- Identify the location of the nearest fire alarm and extinguisher

Upon discovering a fire:

- Close the door to the room where the fire is located. Immediately sound the building fire alarm.
- Call the UPD at 911 from a campus phone or 903-886-5111 from a cell phone. Give your name, department, and location of fire. Do not hang up until the Dispatcher tells you to do so.
- If the fire is small, you may wish to fight it with a fire extinguisher or building hose. Be sure you are using the proper extinguisher for the type of fire you are fighting.
- If the fire is large, very smoky, or rapidly spreading, evacuate the building immediately. Inform others in the building who may not have responded to the alarm to evacuate immediately.
- Warn others who may enter the building after the alarm stops.
- Walk; do not run, to the nearest exit.
- When fire alarm sounds, do not use elevators. An elevator may become inoperable and a trap. Give assistance (if necessary) to all disabled persons in using the stairs.
- Evacuate to a distance of at least 500 feet from the building and stay out of the way of emergency personnel.
- Do not return to the building until instructed to do so by emergency personnel.

**Verbal – Written Threats**

**Verbal Threats**

- If you witness or overhear a verbal threat advocating violence towards another person, treat this incident as a Crime in Process.
- Do not attempt to apprehend or interfere with the criminal except in the case of self-protection.
- If safe to do so, stop and take time to get a good description of the criminal. “Be a Good Witness.” Note height, weight, sex, race, approximate age, clothing, method and direction of travel, and his/her name if known. All this takes only a few seconds and is of the utmost help to the investigating officers. If the criminal is entering a vehicle, note the license plate number, make, model, color, and any outstanding characteristics of the vehicle.
- Call the UPD at 911 or 903-886-5111 from a cell phone. Give your name, location, and department. Advise the dispatcher of the situation and stay on the line until told to do otherwise. Remain where you are until contacted by an officer.

**Written Threats**

- A written threat can be anything from a note passed in class, a statement written on a chalk-board, or an e-mail or text message.
- Call the UPD at 911 or 903-886-5111 from a cell phone. Give your name, location, and department. Provide details such as if the person who passed/uttered the threat is known/present and if the intended target is known/present.

**Crime In Progress**

**Crime In Progress**

- Do not attempt to apprehend or interfere with the criminal.
- If safe to do so, stop and take time to get a good description of the criminal. “Be a Good Witness.” Note height, weight, sex, race, approximate age, clothing, method and direction of travel, and his/her name, if known. All this takes only a few seconds, and is of the utmost help to the investigating officers. If the criminal is entering a vehicle, note the license plate number, make and model, color and outstanding characteristics.
- Contact the UPD at 911 or 903-886-5111 from a cell phone. Give your name, location, and department.
- Advise dispatcher of the situation and remain where you are until contacted by an officer.
Civil Disturbance or Demonstration
• Do not interfere with those persons creating the disturbance or with authorities on the scene.
• Whenever a civil disturbance/demonstration becomes a threat, contact the UPD at 911 or 903-886-5111 from a cell phone. To avoid escalating the situation, use a private office to place this call whenever possible.
• Calmly alert all employees in the area of the situation.
• Continue with the normal routine as much as possible. If the disturbance is outside, stay away from doors and windows.
• If a threat to person or property is evident, plan to evacuate the area.
• Lock all doors, secure all files, documents, and equipment.

Suspicious Object or Package:
• In the event of a suspicious object/package observed on campus, do not handle the object, immediately clear the area and call the UPD at 911 from a campus phone or 903-886-5111 from a cell phone.

Evacuation of the Area:
• If instructed to evacuate, move a minimum of 500 feet away from the building.
• If inclement weather conditions exist, move to another building a safe distance away.
• Do not return to an evacuated building unless instructed to do so by emergency personnel.

Evacuation of Persons with Disabilities
It is suggested that the wheelchair occupant or person with mobility impairment prepare for emergencies ahead of time by instructing a classmate or instructor of how to assist him/her in the case of an emergency.

In the event of an emergency, persons in wheelchairs and other disabled individuals should observe the following evacuation procedures.
• All persons should move toward the nearest marked exit.
• As a first choice, the wheelchair occupant or person with mobility impairment may use building elevators, but never in the case of fire.
• As a second choice, when a wheelchair occupant or other person with mobility impairment reaches an obstruction such as a staircase, he/she should request assistance from others in the area.
• If assistance is not immediately available, the wheelchair occupant or person with mobility impairment should stay in the exit corridor, or the stairway or landing. He/she should continue to call for help until rescued. A person who cannot speak loudly should carry a whistle or have other means of attracting the attention of others.
• Rescue, fire and/or police personnel, will first check all exits, corridors and exit stairwells for trapped persons.

All individuals are to follow the direction of the emergency response personnel on scene.
Bomb Threats

- Bomb threats are usually received by telephone.
- The person receiving the bomb threat should remain calm and attempt to obtain as much information as possible from the caller by using the checklist on the following page.
- Remain calm.
- Signal someone near to call UPD as discretely as possible.
- If you are the one calling UPD:
  - Give your name, location and telephone number. Inform the dispatcher of the situation, including any information you have as to the location of the bomb, time it is set to explode and the time when the call was received.
- Inform your supervisor and/or department head.

Evacuation of the Area:

- If instructed to evacuate, move a minimum of 500 feet away from the building.
- If inclement weather conditions exist, move to another building a safe distance away.
- Do not return to an evacuated building unless instructed to do so by emergency personnel.

### Bomb Threat Call Log

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date: ___________________</th>
<th>Time of Call:_______________</th>
<th>Location:___________________</th>
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**Exact words of caller:**

________________________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________________________

**Questions to ask:**

**When is the bomb going to explode?**

Male, Female  Old, Young  Accent___________________
Calm, Angry, Excited, Slow, Anxious, Loud, Laughing, Shy,

**Where is the bomb now?**

Coughing, Hesitant, Stutter, Lisp,

**What kind of bomb is it?**

Street  Noise:___________________________
Airport, Restaurant, Music____________________

**What does it look like?**

Animals, Machinery, Automobiles ________________

**Why did you place the bomb?**

**Call Information:**

Time Caller Hung Up: _______________________________

**Where are you calling from?**

Your Name: ________________________________
Location: _________________________________

**What is the caller’s name?**

__________________________________________
Severe Weather – Winds, Tornado, Lightning

Severe Winds
- The best protection in severe winds is a permanent building on the campus. As a result, steps will be taken to ensure the safety of students/employees within the buildings rather than to evacuate. Time permitting, students and employees in temporary structures will be moved to permanent buildings/structures.
- At the time of warning of impending severe winds, property and equipment not properly anchored should be moved inside a building or tied down.
- Immediately after the cessation of severe winds, university personnel will inspect all areas for damage.

Tornado
Drop and Tuck Position:
- With your head toward an interior wall,
- Drop to your knees,
- Bend forward and tuck your body to your legs,
- Clasp your hands across the back of your neck

Prior to a tornado strike (Supervisors, Directors, Managers)
- Make all persons in the area aware of shelter areas,
- Assist with drop and tuck directions,
- Assist emergency personnel in directing individuals to shelter area.

Lightning Prediction Warning
A Thor Guard Lightning Prediction System has been installed on campus and will sound a warning when lightning is likely to strike on or near the campus. Horns will sound for approximately 15 seconds and the system lights will continue to flash until the danger is past. When the danger is past, the horns will sound 3 blasts for 5 seconds each and the lights will turn off.

When the warning is sounded -
- Cease outdoor activities
- Seek shelter inside a building or automobile

Avoid –
- Open areas; places near water, trees, metal fences, overhead wires or power lines, elevated ground or open vehicles.

Evacuation and Shelter in Place
Upon notification to evacuate, quickly:
- Take only essentials with you (e.g., eyeglasses, medications, and identification and cash/checkbook/credit cards) - do not pack belongings.
- Turn off unnecessary equipment, computers and appliances.
- Close the door as you exit your room or office.
- Listen to radio, if available, to monitor emergency status.
- Do not use your personal vehicle for evacuation unless specifically ordered to do so. If cars are used to evacuate, protect against hazardous materials by keeping windows closed and outside air conditioning systems turned off. If you need special assistance, contact your Resident Advisor, Hall Director, or other appropriate emergency contact.
- If these persons are not available, call University Police Dispatch at 903-886-5868 for assistance.

Shelter in Place
When emergency conditions do not warrant or allow evacuation, the safest method to protect individuals may be to take shelter inside a campus building and await further instructions.
- Move indoors or remain there. Avoid windows and areas with glass.
- If available, take a radio or television to the room to track emergency status.
- Keep telephone lines free for emergency responders. DO NOT CALL 911 FOR INFORMATION.
• If hazardous materials are involved,
• Turn off all ventilation systems and close all outside air inlets
• Select a room that is easy to seal and, if possible, has a water supply and access to restrooms
• If you smell gas or vapor, hold a wet cloth loosely over your nose and mouth and breathe through it in as normal a fashion as possible

Building Evacuation
• Immediately evacuate using building emergency plan procedures
• Walk to nearest exit/stairwell (close doors behind you)
• Do not use the elevators
• Proceed to the designated gathering area outside the building
• Report to your Supervisor for a headcount.
• Do not re-enter building until cleared by authorized personnel
• Assist with the evacuation of individuals with special needs

Heat Related Injury
Heat Stroke
Heat stroke is the most serious heat-related disorder. It occurs when the body becomes unable to control its temperature: the body's temperature rises rapidly, the sweating mechanism fails, and the body is unable to cool down.

Symptoms of heat stroke include:
• Hot, dry skin (no sweating)
• Hallucinations
• Chills
• Throbbing headache
• High body temperature
• Confusion/dizziness
• Slurred speech

First Aid
• Call the UPD at 911 from a campus phone or 903-886-5111 from a cell phone.
• Move the sick employee to a cool shaded area.
• Cool the employee using methods such as:
• Soaking their clothes with water.
• Spraying, sponging, or showering them with water.
• Fanning their body.

Heat Exhaustion
Heat exhaustion is the body's response to an excessive loss of water and salt, usually through excessive sweating. Employees most prone to heat exhaustion are those that are elderly, have high blood pressure, and those working in a hot environment.

Symptoms of heat exhaustion include:
• Heavy sweating
• Extreme weakness or fatigue
• Dizziness, confusion
• Nausea
• Clammy, moist skin
• Pale or flushed complexion
• Muscle cramps
• Slightly elevated body temperature
• Fast and shallow breathing

First Aid
• Have them rest in a cool, shaded or air-conditioned area.
• Have them drink plenty of water or other cool, nonalcoholic beverages.
• Have them take a cool shower, bath, or sponge bath.

Heat Cramps
Heat cramps usually affect employees who sweat a lot during strenuous activity. This sweating depletes the body's salt and moisture levels. Low salt levels in muscles causes painful cramps. Heat cramps may also be a symptom of heat exhaustion.

Symptoms
• Muscle pain or spasms usually in the abdomen, arms, or legs.
• Employees with heat cramps should:
  • Stop all activity, and sit in a cool place.
  • Drink clear juice or a sports beverage.
  • Do not return to strenuous work for a few hours after the cramps subside because further exertion may lead to heat exhaustion or heat stroke.

Seek medical attention if any of the following apply:
• The employee has heart problems.
• The employee is on a low-sodium diet.
• The cramps do not subside within one hour.

Heat Rash
Heat rash is a skin irritation caused by excessive sweating during hot, humid weather.

Symptoms of heat rash include:
• Heat rash looks like a red cluster of pimples or small blisters.
• It is more likely to occur on the neck and upper chest, in the groin, under the breasts, and in elbow creases.

Employees experiencing heat rash should:
• Try to work in a cooler, less humid environment when possible.
• Keep the affected area dry.
• Dusting powder may be used to increase comfort.

Electrical, Elevator, Plumbing, Ventilation, Telecommunications
If the situation is immediately dangerous to life, contact the UPD at 911 or 903-886-5111 from a cell phone. Proceed to evacuate the area and notify surrounding individuals of emergency.

Electrical/Light Failure:
• In the event of electrical failure, call Facilities at 5761 from a campus phone, or 903-886-5761 from a cell phone.

Elevator Failure:
• All elevators are equipped with emergency alarms. Stay calm. Use the intercom telephone or the emergency button. University personnel will be dispatched to the elevator for assistance.

Plumbing Failure/Flooding:
• Cease using all electrical equipment, vacate the area and call Facilities at 5761 from a campus phone, or 903-886-5761 from a cell phone.

Ventilation:
• If smoke or burning smells come from the ventilation system, vacate the area and immediately contact the UPD at 911 or 903-886-5111 from a cell phone. Proceed to evacuate the area and notify surrounding individuals of emergency.

Telephone System Failure:
• Should a telephone instrument become inoperable during the course of the routine workday send a Work Request by e-mail to technology services (helpdesk@tamuc.edu)

Should college telephones become inoperable during an emergency situation such as that associated with severe weather, contact UPD by cell phone at 903-886-5868, try to locate a patrol officer, try to use one of the university emergency telephones located throughout the university grounds, or try to locate a university facility employee with a radio.
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*All annex documents are available through the Department of Emergency Management & Safety.*